by men and women whom he had never seen

The most pitiable objects in London were the few dishevelled soldiers in the streets, whose escape was impossible, but who, as the objects of the mob's affectionate attention, were nearly

torn to pieces with kindness. The latest note of this most extraordinary demonstration of modern times is a musical tribute to Col Baden-Powell. Many thousand voices are within earshot as this is written, cheering his name and singing "For He's a Jolly Good Fellow."

Accounts just arriving tell of similar scenes throughout England, Scotland, Ireland and Wales. They will continue to-day, and truly this war promises to be more remarkable for the transformation of the English race into an emotional people than for any military achieve-

There was a wonderful scene at the opera at Covent Garden Theatre when the relief of Mafeking was made known after the second act of "Lohengrin."

The Prince and Princess of Wales, the Duke of York, the Duchess of Fife, the King of Sweden and Norway and Princess Victoria were present. The news apparently emanated from the Prince of Wales, but the house was quiet until the information reached the gallery. The audience there announced the news in the voice of a stentor and demanded that the orchestra play "God Save the Queen." Herr Mottl, who was conducting, had retired and the remaining musicians hesitated, but the audience struck up the national hymn. The revalues came to the front of their box, the Prince of Wales beating time, perhaps unconsciously, with his hand. The scene termi

mated with roars and cheersof jubilation.

The Lord Mayor has cabled congratulations to Col. Baden-Powell. In his despatch he capes "Cable me what money is wanted for the needs of the garrison and inhabitants after their long

BATTLING FOR MAPERING. Protoria Advices of Fighting About the Town

and on the Road Thisher. Special Cable Despatches to THE SUN. PRETORIA, May 17, via Lorenzo Marques, May 18 .- Advices have been received here to the effect that sharp fighting continues around

PRETORIA, May 16, via Lorenso Marques May 17, 820 P. M.-Heavy fighting is again reborted along the line of the Bechuanaland Rail-

LAINGS NEK TUNNEL BLOWN UP. Beers Destroy Bailway Communication Be

tween Natal and the Transvanl. Special Cable Despatches to THE SUN. From File Str's Correspondent with the Boers. VOLUSRUST, on the Transvaal border, May

17, via Lorenzo Marques, May 18, 5 P. M .- The large tunnel at Laings Nek, which was 2,215 feet long and afforded the only means of railway communication between Natal and the Transvaal, has just been completely destroyed by the Boers, who blew it up with dynamite. A very large quantity of the explosive was used and its effect was terrific. The shock was felt for a great distance The tunnel is now completely choked from end to end with huge masses of earth and rock, which will require months and great engineering skill to remove. All the commandos are occupying fine strategic positions and are confident that they can easily repel any attempt by Gen. Buller to

LONDON, May 18 .- A despatch from Gen. Roberts says: "Buller reports to-day (Friday): 'Newcastle was occupied last night and to-day the Second Division and the Third Cavalry Brigade will concentrate there. I have sent a force of mounted troops through Ngutu (Rorke's Drift) to turn out a small force of the nemy and to reassure the natives. The enemy burned the Catholic chapel, plundered many houses and took cash from the banks. Otherwise they did not do much harm.

enter the Transvaal by way of Laings Nek.

The railway is badly damaged. The Waschbank, Ingagane and Nkandhla bridges have been destroyed. Many culverts, the pumping stations and water tanks have also been destroyed. Of the 7,000 men flying before us about a thousand seem to have gone to Wakkerstroom, and some by Miller's Pass to the Free State. The remainder, who are a a dispresented rabble have gone north. They say they intend to make a stand at Laings Nek.

DANNHAUSER, Natal, May 17 .- Gen. Buller has received a congratulatory message from the Queen on the occupation of Dundee, in which her Majesty expresses her appreciation of the conduct of the troops.

BOER COMMANDERS CAPTURED.

One of Three Who Surrendered to Lord Roberts's Troops Is Named Botha. Special Cable Despatches to THE SUN.

From THE SUN'S Correspondent at Pretoria. PRETORIA, May 16, via Lorenzo Marques May 17, 8 50 P. M. There is great difficulty in getting despatches through owing to the strict censorship which is being maintained. Col Blake of the Irish Brigade succeeded in

cleverly escaping at Kroonstad. All the Federal commandoes are concentrate ing in the Drakensberg Christiana was evacuated by the republican troops yesterday. LONDON, May 18. The War Office has re

ceived the following despatch from Lord Roberts, dated Kroonstad, May 18: 'Methuen entered Hoopstad yesterday without opposition. Gens. Duprez and Daniels and forty men surrendered.

"Ian Hamilton's cavalry under Broadwood occupied Lindley yesterday. There was slight opposition and two of our men were wounded Steyn was not there. His government officials

"Hutton's mounted men yesterday surprised and captured, about thirty miles northwest of this place, Commandant Boths, Field Cornet Cassen, five Johannesburg policemen and seventeen Boers. There were no casualties on

Buller reports that several Natal farmers are handing in their arms." Lord Roberts's despatch about the capture of Commandant Botha gives no idea as to which Botha is meant. There are several officers

is Louis Botha, the Commander-in-Chief, who succeeded Gen. Joubert. A despatch to a news agency from Kroonstad says that the Boers in retreating to the Vaal River destroyed the bridge across the Rhenos-

named Botha in the Boer army, one of whom

NATAL WOULD USE BOER GUNS. It Expects to Rearm Its Artillery With Weapons From the Transvaal.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN LONDON, May 19. - A despatch to the Standard from Durban says that the Natal Parliament has passed on its second reading a bill for a loan £1,000,000 The Prime Minister stated that it vas the intention to rearm the Natal field artillery at an early date with guns obtained from the Transvaal. He also announced that a special court would be appointed to try rebels. It would probably include an English Judge.

FOOD HURRIED TO THE TRANSVAAL. Expectation That the Railway From Delagoa Hay Will Be Closed.

Special Cable Desputch to THE SUN. LONDON, May 19 The Times' correspondent at Lorenzo Marques, in a despatch dated May 17, says that in anticipation of the closing of the railway from Delagoa Bay to Pretoria the Boer agents are buying all the available provisions and forwarding them with all speed to the Transvaal. Extraordinary efforts have been taken to hasten the despatch of these

RETREAT OF BOERS FROM NATAL.

Federal Commandos Take Up a New Line of Defence on the Frontier.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN rom THE SUN'S correspondent with the Boers.

dozen drinks on the floor as supplied to him | May 17, 3:50 P. M.-Under orders from Pretoria the Federal commandos are retiring to the Natal defence line. All the commissariat and material have been removed from here. The railway is doing excellent work. The artillery and the wagons of the the various laagers were removed in perfect order. As they passed Haslingspruft the gigantic and orderly retreat presented a weird scene.

FREE STATERS GOING HOME.

Members of the Volksraad Advise Them to Lay Down Their Arms.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN. Prom THE SUN's Correspondent with Gen. Roberts. KROONSTAD, May 17, 10:30 A. M.-Many ourghers are handing in their rifles and going to their homes under escort of British troops. Two members of the Orange Free State Volksread, Paul Bothia [Botha?] of Kroonstad, and Mr. Macdonal of Wepener, are here and are advising the Free State burghers to lay down beir arms and return to their homes.

BRITISH GUNBOAT THREATENED. Report of a Boar Plot to Blow Up the Forte at

Delagoa Bay.

retal Cable Despatch to THE SUN DUBBAN, May 17 .- There is a sensational re port from Delagos Bay of a Boer blot to blow up the British gunboat Forte after the manner in which the Maine was destroyed in Havana Harbor. The authorities at Delagoa Bay are apparently convinced that the reports are well founded, for the Forte puts out to sea for seven miles every night.

MAY BLOW UP JOHANN BSBURG MINES.

Proddent Ereger Said to Be Unable to Prerent Such Action by the Boers.

Special Calle Despatch to THE SUN LOWDON, May 19.-The correspondent of the Morning Post at Kroonstad, dating his despatch May 17, says that the principal mines at Johannesburg have been prepared for destruction. The blowing of them up has been deferred until the British cross the Vaal River. President Krüger is powerless.

TRANSVAAL'S NEW CAPITAL. Foreign Consuls Said to Be Leaving Pretoria for Lydenburg.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUS LONDON, May 19 -- A despatch to the Daily Mail from Pretoria, dated Friday, says that the foreign Consuls are leaving Pretoria for Lydenburg

THE SIEGE OF MAPEKING.

Gallant Defence Offered by Lieut.-Col. Baden-Powell and His Small Force.

For more than seven months Mafeking, defended by a small force of irregular levies under Lieut.-Col. R. S. S. Baden-Powell, has held out against a much greater force of Boers. Besides persistent attacks by an active and vigilant enemy, the garrison has suffered under the hardships incident to such a siege; privation, anxiety, hunger, heat, and constant exertion in repulsing the advances of the foe. Throughout, according to the messages sent out by the commanding officer by runners. the men have been cheerful, willing, courageous and skilful in the arts of war, though at the outset they were practically without experience. The fact that the defence has been maintained under such adverse conditions is what makes the work of Baden-Powell's force chiefly remarkable.

Mafeking is a small town of wooden buildings in the South African Republic, about six miles from the border of Bechuanaland. It is important because the railroad from Cape Town to Buluwayo runs through it. It is 750 miles from Cape Town as the crow flies and more than a thousand as the railroad train creeps, for through that country the trains do not do much better than creep. From Pretoria It is about 150 miles to the westward and it is about the same distance from Johannesburg It stands in a level tract of country and is watered by a small river.

When the war cloud became dark Col. Baden-Powell was sent from his post in Rhodesia, in command of a detachment of about twelve hundred irregular levies, hastily collected, to establish himself at Mafeking and hold it at all costs should war break out. At the beginning of hostilities he set his men to enlarging the small forts there and building extensive trenches and barricades. The town was to all intents and purposes in a stage of lege before hostilities actually began. There were a number of British officers of experience under Baden-Powell, including the Duke of Portland's brother, Lord Bentinck, and the mortality among the officers has been great in the many engagements which made up the history of the siege. The Transvaal ultimatum was sent to England on Oct. 10 and within a very few days a force of about three thousand Hoers appeared before Mafeking under Cronje and attacked the place. The garrison had their Maxim guns and siege guns well placed and, effectually checked the advance of the Boers but after a short intermission the attack was renewed and on Oct. 18 a worte was made by the British in which it was reported that the Boer loss was three hundred to eighteen lost by the besieged. Then the Boers sent for a heavy gun with which they proceeded to bombard the town, but the garrison constructed bombproof shelters and after the first day or two the bombardment did little harm. Meantime word reached them that Col. Plumer was marching from Rhodesia to the rescue and that other forces would be brought up as soon as possible to raise the siege.

More Boers were coming, too. At one time it is estimated that there was a force of 5,000 outside the town, but repeated attacks failed to shake the defence and the besiegers were met at all points with unflagding courage and deadly marksmanship. Part of the Boers were withdrawn to oppose the advance of Gen. Methuen's column, but enough were left to keep continually harassing the British and prevent their taking any action other than occasional sorties, some of which were brilllantly exposered to a sensitive teste. small forts there and building extensive

seep continually harassing the British and pre-yent their taking any action other than occa-sional sorties, some of which were brilliantly successful on a small scale. Each time the Boers tried to extend wheir trenches near the town the British would attack and these attacks invariably drove back the advance. The temper of the defenders may be judged from the following extracts from a message sent by runner from Col. Baden-Powell to Lord Roberts:

the following extracts from a message sent by runner from Col. Baden-Powell to Lord Roberts:

"After 200 days' siege I destre to bring to your Lordship's notice the exceptionally good spirit of loyally that pervades all classes of this garrison. The men, half of whom are anaccustomed to the use of arms, have adapted themselves to their duties with the greatest zeal, readiness and pluck, and the devotion of the wolen is remarkable. With such a spirit our organization runs like clockwork and I have every hope it will pull us successfully through. Since the abortive attempt on the 25th inst. [Feb. 25] to attack the southwestern forts the enemy has been comparatively quiet. There has been no bombardment and very little rifle fire. The cluzens are preparing to celebrate the 200th day of the siege by horse dinners."

Horse and mule flesh formed the chief articles of diet. Vegetables were very scarce and brought tremendous prices, and luxuries were lacking entirely. The natives were the worst sufferers, wanting the pluck and endurance of the British. Many of the women and children died of hardship and low fevers. Col Baden-Powell mentions in one destatch that a case of whiskey was raffled off and brought more than \$500. Still, the spirit of the men was unbroken and there was no thought of surrender. The only fear among the defenders was that so many of them would die of fever and through the raking fire of the Boers, which at times swept the streets, that there would by and by not be enough left to repulse an attack in force. Meantime Lord Roberts, who was in communication with the garrison by means of runners, with some degree of regularity was sending messages to them to keep up heart and was making his preparations to relieve the city. When the plan was finally matured whereby Gen. Archibaid Hunter was sent out with the relieving expedition Lord Roberts said in the presence of several of his officers.

"Mafeking will be relieved by May 18." [
Gen. Hunter's force, together with that of the garrison, outnumbers the B

The body of thirteen-year-old Charles Rad-

cliff of 103 West 103d street, who disappeared a week ago last Monday, was found by some boatmen in the North River near Ninety-sixth street yesterday. He was last seen playing on the bank near where his body, was found, and is supposed he accidentally fell into the river.

Family Wiped Out by Death in One Week. FREDERICK, Md., May 18. Jacob Dixon, a well-known citizen of Point of Rocks, aged 50 tradition shall apply to the extradition of fugiwell-known cluzel to the week after a short illness. A few days previous his daughter died. Mr. Dixon's death was followed by the death of his wife, Mrs. Rebecca Dixon, wiping DUNDEE, Natal, May 15, via Lorenzo Marques, out the family in one week.

NEELY'S PAL CONFESSES. REEVES GIVES UP \$4,600 OF CUBAN

His Evidence Said to Insure Neely's Conviction -Neely Alleged to Have Been a Smuggler, Too-Rumors of More Startling Developments-Criticisms of Cuban Papers.

POST OFFICE PLUNDER.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN. HAVANA, May 18 .- The authorities appear t have acted wisely in not placing Deputy Auditor Reeves in jail. Their reason for taking this course was that it was considered best for the investigation of the postal department that he should have more freedom than the other suspects. The result is that Reeves has been talk-ing. He has confessed enough to make the conviction of Financial Agent Neely an absolute certainty on the face of the evidence.

Reeves was closely questioned last night by Secret Service officers, and he admitted that before leaving Neely gave him \$4,600, in return for which he was to straighten the accounts and audit them as being correct. This sum came to him the day Neely sailed. Neely wanted to have his tracks covered by expert hands and was able and willing to pay liberally for it. Reeves kept his booty intact and turned it all over to the authorities last night. How much other money he received has not been learned.

But little of his confession has leaked out. It is known, however, that he told other things and it is presumed that he disclosed all his relations with Neely. Until he weakened the authorities realized that they had a difficult task to connect him positively with the embezzlements.

According to information given to the Secret Service men, Neely did a little smuggling as well as stealing. It is asserted that he imported as for the Post Office Department many cargoes of paper free of duty. The duty on paper is very high. He subsequently sold the paper to a Spanish printer, who was thus enabled to beat all competitors in bidding for contracts. The amount of duties involved is said to be \$50,000, but this is not verified.

Rumors of more startling developments continue to be put in circulation. The latest and office whose names have not yet been connected with the scandal, but nothing definite has yet been given out. The story cabled from the United States that \$2,000,000 worth of counterfelt stamps had been printed at Muncie, Ind., and sent to Cuba is considered nonsense here. nasmuch as there are more stamps here now than can be accounted for, it is certain that the surcharged stamps were not all destroyed. This is admitted by Reeves, who was one of the committee appointed to destroy the \$411,000 worth of stamps last July. With this surplusage to be got rid of, it was not necessary to counterfelt stamps, as they could not have een disposed of.

The Cuban papers are beginning to take up the scandal. They comment insistently upon he fact that the American prisoners are treated with greater respect, whereas the Cuban customs officials under arrest were led n disgrace through the streets. The Cubano wants all the American officials to be placed under bonds for the faithful performance of their duties. The Lucha and the Nacion insist that the Engineers' Department should be inestigated. The resolution of Congress looking to all sorts of investigations is condemned by the Nusvo Pais, which says that the investigations are wanted by the Democrats to hurt the Republicans and are not sought for the interests of Cuba. It adds that if the Democrats were really in earnest about having a clean adninistration here they would have bestirred themselves sooner instead of waiting for the political campaign to begin.

RATHBONE MAY BE DISMISSED.

The Officials Determined That Every Man Implicated Shall Be Brought to Trial.

WASHINGTON, May 18 .- Officials of the Administration are amazed at the extent of the uban postal frauds, and as the evidence accumulates it is said to strengthen the position of the President and the members of the Cabinet that everything possible shall be done to bring to trial every man implicated, either directly or indirectly, in the frauds. It is certain that the suspension of Director of Posts Rathbone will be permanent. Fourth Assistant Postauthority as Mr. Rathbone's superior to dismiss him and it is believed that he will do it. It is not believed that Rathbone is connected with any of the irregularities, but he is being severely criticised for his failure to allow investigation of his vouchers by the military authorities of Cuba.

When the postal service was established Director Rathbone was placed in full control and was not subordinate to the Military Governor, except when he had to draw from the Governor sufficient funds to make up the deficit in the postal accounts. A plan for this was agreed upon, the Treasurer of the Island issuing warrants to Director Rathbone drawn upon the funds of the General Treasury. During Gen. Brooke's administration in Cuba the warrants were issued without much complaint as

to the concealment of the vouchers.

When Gen. Wood succeeded Gen. Brooks, he contended that as the customs receipts were being used in part to support the postal service the military authorities had a right to require Director Rathbone to submit his vouchers in support of his financial statements. A high official of the Government said to-day that whenever Gen. Wood made any effort in the direction of examining these vouchers he was met with a quiet resistance which emphasized the contention of Director Rathbone that he was not under the authority of the War Department. Gen. Wood filed with the War Department a written protest, and the matter was pending when the discovery of Neely's alleged defalcation came to light. he contended that as the customs receipts

and the matter was pending when the discovery of Neely's alleged defalcation came to light.

The Postmaster-General said to-day that there is no foundation for the story from Muncie. Ind., to the effect that Neely's printing company is supposed to have counterfeited stamps for distribution to Cuban post offices. The Department has no "Government detectives" working on this line.

For the information of the President the Department has repared a statement showing the whole number of stamps sent to Cuba to have been less than \$1,000,000 worth. Of this issue \$400,000 was in surcharged stamps. The total number of good stamps which might be counterfeited is therefore less than \$000,000 worth, instead of \$2,000,000 as has been suggested.

A postal official, recently returned to Wash-

worth, instead of \$2,000,000 as has been suxgested.

A postal official, recently returned to Washing ton from Havana, discloses two interesting
side lights on Neely's conduct while serving as
financial agent. It was public knowledge, said
the postal official, that money could be borrowed from Neely by any one on almost any
security, and that the funds loaned were out
of the postal revenues. Loans obtained
through this channel were at a uniform
rate of 10 per cent. a month. The second
point was that all sales of stamps made
by Neely to outside officers were made
for cash. This is most significant. Ordinarily
Postmasters order stamps by submitting requisitions on blank forms. These forms are initialed by the Third Assistant Postmaster-General and sent to the Bureau of Engraving and
Printing. Remittances are then made by the
Postmaster at reasonable intervals. But in
Cuba Neely received no such blank forms
Orders for stamps were made from him
by Postmasters as the latter might
have ordered clothes or food from
a store and were always accompanied by cash
to the amount of the order If this story proves
correct, Neely sopportunity for fraud is about
doubled. It would be possible for a stamp
agent, under such circumstances, to divide remittances with the Government, not only by
substituting surcharged stamps for good ones,
but also by entering half or more than half his
sales as credit sales while receiving cash for
every stamp issued.

BILLS TO MEET THE NEELY CASE.

BILLS TO MEET THE NEELY CASE. Attorney-General Griggs Drafts One and Mr.

Ray Introduces Another in the House.

WASHINGTON, May 18 - Attorney-General riggs has drafted a bill to meet the Neely case, which was approved at the Cabinet meeting to-day and sent to the chairmen of the Senate and House Judiciary committees, with the request that it be passed immediately. The bill provides that the statutes relative to extradition between the United States and countries with which the United States has treatles of extives from justice from Cuba while the government of that island is exercised under the authority of the United States. It also provides that extradition powers in force between the variBOERS LEAVE THIS CITY.

ous States shall be extended to the Philippines. Guam, Hawaii and Porto Rico. The Attorney General said to-day that such a law would make Neely's escape impossible, but that it need not be construed to mean that the Government cannot hold him now and take him back to Havana for trial The bill meets with such strong opposition

it probably cannot pass, at least not in its

ALBANY, May 18.- The hearing before Gov. Roosevelt in the case of C. F. W. Necly, accused of postal frauds in Cuba, will take place next Thursday, at noon, at Oyster Bay, it being the Governor's intention to return to his home on Long Island next week. The Governor is to decide an application of the State Department at Washington for Neely's extradition to Cuba.

WOMAN DOMINIE MAY BE SHUT OUT The General Conference of the Methodist Prot-

estant Church May Decide Against Her. ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., May 18 - The General Conference of the Methodist Protestant Church United States, which opened here to-day, probably will become involved in a warm debate over the old question of admitting women to the ministry. Mrs. Starr, who has a charge at Ohio, Ill., and who was ordained by the Northern Illinois Conference, was sent here as a delegate to press the issue. An energetic debate may follow the question of admitting her after a report is made by the Credential Committee.

articipate in the proceedings of the session, is probable that the meeting will pass a vote f censure against the Illinois Conference for admitting Mrs. Starr to the ministry
The Rev D. S. Stephens, Chancellor of the
Kansas City University, was elected President
of the Conference, and Rev. H. L. Eldridge,
President of the Western Theological Seminary,
was elected Secretary. was elected Secretary

A Lightning Marriage

From the Rochester Herald.

LE ROY, May 14 Edward Baker was a delected to the county lodge at Alabama and drove to Batavia and met Miss Found while on his way to the former place.

CARPET CLEANSING

Largest in the World. Every detail.

THE THOS. J. STEWART CO. to Batavia and met Miss Found while on his way to the former place.

After attending the morning and afternoon assisting of the lodge they went to the Rev. Mr. Crandall and were united in marriage. Both parties are well know in Le Roy.

Escorted by Several Congressmen, They Start Under the escort of Congressman Sulzer

f New York, Allen of Nebraska, Robinson f Nebraska and Ridgley of Kansas, the Boer Envoys left this city for Washington on the among lawyers in the Senate and House that | Congressional Limited over the Pennsylvania Railroad at 3 30 yesterday afternoon. Senator present shape. Senator Rear, chairman of the | Mason of Illinois had intended to be of the party, Senate Judiciary Committee, is inclined to but he missed the train at Washington. The bolleve that it would be a very dangerous precedent to establish to pass a law permitting the extradition of an American citizen to a value of the extradition of an American citizen to a value of the third to establish to pass a law permitting the extradition of an American citizen to a value of the third to the strength of the control of the third will be attended to the life of the third will be a value of the third believe that it would be a very dangerous | members of Congress came merely as private

arrived here to-night and were received by a large delegation of Congress representatives. They were escorted to the Arlington Hotel where a reception was given in their honor, although the enthusiasm of the people of the nation's capital was not what was expected by the committee which had the arrangements in charge.

Shortly after their arrival Messrs. Fischer, Wessels and Wolmorans held a conference with some of their Congressional advisers, and the announcement was made that they came here with credentials as Envoys Extraordinary and Ministers Plenipotentiary from the South African Republic and Orange Free State. The Envoys intend to delay the presentation of their credentials to the State Department

BATH FIXTURES ROOM and AUXILIARIES MEYER-SNIFFEN CO., Ltd., 5 East 19th St. To avoid large water bills due to dribbling aweets and frequent bills for repairs, insist on awing "EM-ESS Fuller" or "EM-ESS" Self-

losing. Kept in repair 2 years without charge in New York and suburbs.

1554 Broadway, New York.

until Monday in order that they may participate in a mass meeting to be held here on Sunday night in the interests of the Boer cause.

From what was said to-day by officials of the Government, it is evident that the Boer delegates may injure their official standing before the Government by participating in such a meeting before they present their letters of credence. While no precedents for such a condition are known to exist, some of the Government officials, who are experienced in questions of diplomatic representative of a foreign government must conduct himself in a manner befitting the office to which he has been appointed from the moment of his arrival in the country to which he is considered.

The

Uneeda

Baby

Uneeda Graham Wafer

The latest member of the Uneeda family. Another achieve-

ment of scientific baking. The greatest advance in the use of

Graham flour is represented by Uneeda Graham Wafer. All

the nutriment—all the goodness, is preserved in the most dainty

Uneeda

Graham Wafer

you will find a table requisite, delicious with all dishes, suitable

for all occasions; a pleasing change for the fickle appetite. Don't

NATIONAL BISCUIT COMPANY

forget Uneeda Biscuit and Uneeda Jinjer Wayfer

and palatable form. When you get acquainted with

The programme of action has been revised somewhat. There will be a drive around the city to-morrow afternoon and on Sunday the distinguished strangers will attend morning distinguished strangers will attend morning service at the First Presbyterian Church. Then there will be another drive on Sunday afternoon and the mass meeting will be held on Sunday night. There will be addresses by Envoys Fischer and Wessels, and by Bourke Cockran, Senators Mason, Wellington, Allen and Teller, and Representatives DeArmond, Ray and others.

On Monday the committee, consisting of Senators Mason, Teller and Allen and Representatives.

on Monday the committee, consisting of sen-ators Mason, Teller and Allen and Representa-tives Sulzer, Robinson and Clark, will call upon the State Department to present the creden-tials of the visitors and learn what their recep-

PROBABLY NOT LOUIS BOTHA. Identity of the Captured Boer Commandant

LONDON, May 19. The general war news is fully given in the official advices and THE SUN'S special despatches which both cover later periods than the despatches from other sources. The London papers, as might be expected, are practically devoted to Mafeking, retelling the tale of the seven months' siege and anecdotes of Col. Baden-Powell, whose portrait appears everywhere. Though there is absolutely no official con-

firmation of the news of the relief of the town itisimplicitlybelieved in all quarters, not excepting official circles. The description of the scenes in the London streets and the theatres cabled to THE SUN convey something of the feeling of the country, adequately to express which would bankrupt the powers of descriptive writers, living or dead. Reports of rejoicings come from Canada, Australia and all other parts of the British Empire. There is a doubt as to whether the Command

ant Botha captured by Gen. Hutton thirty miles northwest of Kroonstad is Louis Botha or his brother. The general belief in-clines to the former. If so, his capture is considered the most important, as he is now the greatest Boer General in the field, but the best opinion holds that it is not Louis, as otherwise Gen. Roberts would have given the capture greater prominence.

JACOB WORTH'S REVIVAL. It Is Not Relished by the Republican Managers in Kings County. The rumored return of former Senator Jacob

Worth to the political arena is not taken

seriously by the Republican leaders in Brooklyn. A couple of years ago, after his complete rout by Lieut-Gov. Timothy L. Woodruff in the memorable faction fight and with his health badly shattered, he announced that he had quit the political game for good and intended to enjoy in prace the fortune he had made as County Clerk, which was estimated at about \$150,000. He first settled down in a cottage of his own at Saratoga and then went abroad for a long period, his travels extending as far as Egypt. He returned about eight months ago and he has been sojourning in the Western States until recently. Since he got back to Brooklyn his friends have been intimating that he has reconsidered his purpose of abandoning politics and that his crowning ambilion is to eccupy a seat in Congress as the representative from the Fifth district, his old special baillwick. No personal statement has come from Mr. Worth on the subject, but his son, Magistrate Worth, has declared that his father, he believed, would like to make an official trip to Washington, but at the same time would not be willing to enter into another factional contest to secure the prize. rout by Lieut-Gov. Timothy L. Woodruff

to enter into another factional contest to secure the prize. Already the Republican leaders had practically slated Mr. Lonis Beer of the Twenty-first ward for the Congress nomination in the Fifth district and they have shown no desire whatever to have him withdraw in Mr. Worth's favor. Indeed, there is no question that Lieut-Gov. Woodruff. Col. Michael J. Dady and Mr. Walter B. Atterbury, the organization leaders, are opposed to the proposed revival of Jacob Worth as a political factor, and that if he wants a Congress or any other nomination he will have to make his own fight for it. We are convinced that Mr. Worth's reappearance in active politics would revive the old factional squabbles and result in serious disaster to the party in Kings county.

AFTER CAUSTIC THROWER. POLICE FOLLOWING CLUES WITH LITE TLE SUCCESS SO FAR.

an a Alice her. Alice her. Year paper Supremake strain main and from Ness. On the vault The I made posed of Go The Harn child fends state tune to proband but the ficien the parts B. H. with I of the go to Day, and o the pic to the issue. I tion of the pic to the soul to the parts and o the pic to the go to Day, and o the pic to the issue.

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said,

Velled Woman in Black Who Almost Blinded Dr. Cronin's Wife Called Also Upon Her Mother Knew Mrs. Cronin, Apparently, Before Her Marriage - Victim Operated On.

Mrs. Carrie Cronin of 433 West Fifty-first street, on whom a young woman dressed in night, was taken to Manhattan Eve and Ear Hospital yesterday, where Prof. Lewis performed an operation for the purpose of saving the sight of her left eye. It is thought now that her sight may be restored. Her husband, Dr. John C. Cronin, remained with her all day. and Polic : Captain Donohue of the West Forty. seventh street station obtained a full statement of her interview with the caustic thrower

"My sister had been to the house on a visit." she said, "and had just left when the door bell rang. Dr. Cronin had come home feeling tired and left word that he 'could not see any one until morning, as he was going to retire.' The servant was in bed and I went to the door to answer the bell. There I met a woman, who wore 2 a heavy veil. Inoticed that her hair was blonde. I should judge from her face that she was about 25 years old. She said she wanted to see Dr. Cronin, and I said Dr Cronin was out. She said that she wanted him about a case of heart disease at Morray's, 300 West Forty-eighth street. She talled with a lep. As she turned as if to go she took something from the folds of her go she took cometime from the folds of her dress and said; 'I called to give him this,' at the

dress and said: I called to give him this, at the same time producing a sman bottle and throwing the contents over me.

The stuff the woman threwlooked like concentrated lye. It burned a hole in the hall carpet and peeled the paint from the frost door. There were traces of it out on the stoop and the stone steps were stained as if the woman who threw it had trailed her skirts in it in her hurry to get away. A broken vasclies bottle which had contained the stuff was found on the stoop. Capt. Donohue learned later from Mrs. Cronin's mother, who lives at 494 West Thirtieth street, that a strange womand dressed in black had called there, too, on Thursed by night. day night. "Our doorbeil rang about 10 o'clock," Mrs.

"Our doorbell rang about 10 o'clock," Mrs. Cronin's mother said, "and my son went to the door. He returned to say that a womal wanted to see me. I went to the door and met a heavily-veiled woman. She made inquiries about my daughter and talked as if she did not know that my daughter had been married to Dr. Cronin. For instance, she talked of the days when my daughter was forewoman in a dressmaking establishment at 43 West Forty-second street. She asked if my daughter was still employed there. Then she asked for her address and I told her that my daughter was married to Dr. Cronin.

Cronin.

Detective Dale learned that two women who had worked in the dressmaking establishment had a sister who acted queerly at times, and believing that she might be the acid thrower called upon her yesterday afternoon, but learned that she had been in Jersey City until the clock on Thursday in the control of the cont It o clock on Thursday night.

By following up the clue furnished by the caustic thrower herself in the name and address she mentioned to Mrs. Cronin they learned some things about a young woman now living in Forty-eighth street, which led them to look for her. The search lasted all less evening and at middleht working in the search lasted all less evening and at middleht. evening and at midnight the woman had not been discovered.

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